



Uokthoba
2011

PUILA IMVUILA

Abakh iqizi bangumgogodlo wezwe lethu



**UKULIMA KWAKUNGUMSEBENZI WOKUQALA EMHLABENI
FUTHI KWAKUNGUMLAEZO OVELA KUNKULUNKULU.
KUBALULEKILE EMPILWENI. NGAKHO-KE KUBALULEKILE
UKUTHI THINA ESINGABAKHQIZI SIBHEKE LO MSEBENZI
WETHU NGAMANYE AMEHLO SIBONE UKUTHI UYADINGEKA
FUTHI UNGUMSEBENZI OBALULEKE KAKHULU.**

Akufanelekile ukuthi siqonde nje ukuthola inzuso (imali) nokwandisa umkhicizo kuphela, kungcono ukucabanga ngokukh iqiza izitshalo nokudla okunekhwalithi elihle elizonekeza abanye abantu ukudla okuzobumba umzimba wabo baphile impilo enhle.

Abakh iqizi banikela kanjani okokusiza umnotho wezwe?

- Banikela okokusiza okukhulu emnothweni wezwe nasebhajetini lesizwe.
- Lapho abakh iqizi bahlangane banikeza imisebenzi kubantu abanangi ezweni elidinga izindawo zokusebenza ngoba baningi abantu abangenawo umsebenzi.
- Abakh iqizi batshala ukudla okunekhwalithi elihle okuphilisayo futhi okusiza ukuqinisa ukudla wezwe nakusasa.

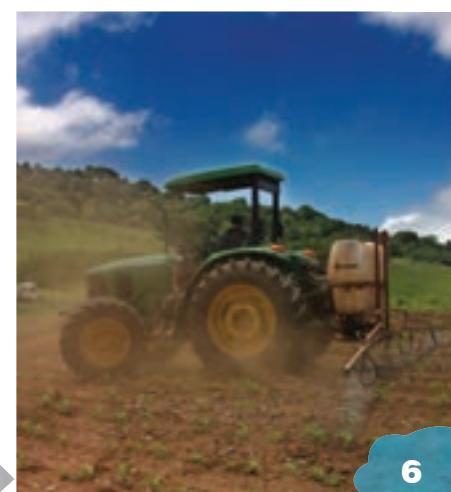
Incwadi yeGrain SA
yabalimi abasakhulayo

FUNDA NGAPHAKATHI:

- 3 > Ukuhlelwa kokuma kwezi-mali ngokwamanje lapho kulungiselwa (kwakhwa amasu) ukukh iqiza ummbila ngonyaka ozayo
- 6 > Cabanga ukusebenzisa umshini ofafazayo ukubulala ukhula
- 8 > Isikhathi sokuhlolola ukujina komhlabathi



2



6



Unkz Jane uthi...

Nogkwendula kwesikhathi kufanele sime sizibuze ukuthi senzani. Uma sifuna ukuthola impendulo ekhanyayo, kufanele sisho futhi ukuthi kuyini esingakwenzi. Masiqale ukuhloka lokho esingakwenzi:

- Asisebenzisi abankontilaki abamhlophe emapulazini abantu abamnyama.
- Asilimeli abantu.
- Asizami ukupha abantu abalimile ngaphambi kwayizolo amathuba ukuphinda ukulima.
- Asisazami ukwenza izinto ezhlobisayo kuphela (*window dressing*).
- Asizami ukuthola izinhlamvu zeBEE ngoba kakhona abantu abazithengayo lezi zinto.
- Asizami ukuthola izinhlamvu zeBEE ngoba kakhona labo abanikeza izinto.

Kodwa, kuyini esikwenzayo? Thina senza lokhu okulandelayo:

- Sithuthukisa abakhiqizi abamnyama – abazisebenzela ngokwamanje nangokusasa.
- Siqeqesa abakhiqizi abamnyama ukuqonda nokuthola ukuthi ziyni izizutha zokwenza umsebenzi wokulima.
- Sibhibhizela abakhiqizi ukusebenzisa izingcebo zemvelo ngokugcwele.
- Sikhombisa abakhiqizi abamnyama ukunaka umhlaba bwusebenzisayo.
- Sisekela abantu ngalokhu abanakho, sibasiza ukuthola inzuso yokuphila nokukhiqiza ukudla kwabo, umzi wabo nezwu labo.
- Sibasiza ukushintsha ubuso bokulima – sifuna basuke ebusweni lapho kakhona abalimi abamhlophe kuphela, sifuna ukuthi bonke abantu lapha ezwini lethu balimele thina sonke.
- Sisiza abantu abanomhlaba - umhlaba womuzi wonke, umhlaba oqashiwyo noma labo abanomhlaba (amapulazi) wabo ukusebenzisa lowo mhlaba ngendlela ezoletha inzuso nakusasa.
- Ukuzama ukusebenzisana nayo yonke iminyango kagavumente ukuhlanganisa ukusekela okunikeza kubalimi.
- Ukwakha amasu ukuthi abalimi bazokwazi ukuthola imishini.
- Ukwakha amasu ukuthola amagranti kuleyo minyango. Kulukhuni kimi lapho ngizwa ukuthi abantu balimela abakhiqizi abamnyama. Kakhona abantu nezinhlangano ezisebenzisa umhlaba wabantu abamnyama ukuthola inzuso, bese bathi lokhu "kungukuthuthukisa abakhiqizi abamnyama". Uma ungumkhiqizi omhlophe osebenzisa umhlaba wabantu abamnyama – qasha lowo mhlaba, khokha imali efanelekile, vuma ukuthi uqasha umhlaba futhi uyzilimela. Sicela ukuthi ungenzi ngathi usiza abanye abakhiqizi.

Abakhiqizi bangumgogodlo wezwe lethu

ukukhokhela izikwenetu zabo zamapulazi ngezikathathi ezivunyelwe.

Kanjalo-ke ngokwamanje kuzoba nzima ukuboleka imali ezosetshenziswa isikhathi eside – lokhu kudala ezinye izinkinga lapho umkhiqizi ezama ukuqhube ka ngomsebenzi webhizini lakhe.

Kulinqiso elibi kodwa abakhiqizi bacindezelele ukuboleka imali ukuqhube kela phambili – ukukhokhela izimbewu, ukudla kwezimfuyo nokunye okudingekayo ukungenisa izitshalo emhlabathini ukuze zimile.

Ngexa ukungaqqini kwenani lezintengiso emakhetheni zezivuno nezinkinga ezihambelana nezingozi zezulu, isiqiniso saleyo mali efakiwyo ayinayo igaranti. Izinhlangano ezivame ukubolekela abalimi imali seziyesaba ukunikeza abalimi imali futhi babamba imali yabo ngokuqina.

Kanjalo-ke kufanele siqhubeke siphindaphinde ukucela ugavumente ukusekela abakhiqizi negezimali ezibolekwayo ngendlela eqinile, enhle enomphumelo lapho kukhiqizwa khona ukudla.

Inani lezintengiso emakhetheni aliqinile – liyehla bese liyakhuphuka – lapha sikhulumga ngentengiso yokudla nangezindleko zokukhiqiza njengomanyolo, izimbewu, ukudla kwezimfuyo nezinye izinto ezidingekayo epulazini libeka umkhiqizi endaweni yezimali enzima ngoba yena akanamandla ukuphatha okuvezwayo nokubizwayo ekudleni okukhiqizwa epulazi. Lapho intengiso yokudla okukhiqizwa ngumlimi iyehla, awungeke ukubone lokhu

emashelfini – lokhu kuvusa izinsolo ezithi kusizakala abathengi bokudla nabanye kuphela, hhayi abakhiqizi nabathengi bokudla.

Lokhu kuzobathinta kanjani abantu baseNingizimu Afrika?

Uma abakhiqizi balahlekelwa amabhizinisi namakhaya abo futhi abakhiqizi abasha bahuleka ukungena kulo msebenzi, kuzobathinta kabi bonke abantu base Ningizimu Afrika. Abakhiqizi bangumgogodlo wesizwe sethu futhi bayisinyathelo sokuqala sezikhwelo sezimali. Uma amabhizinisi okulima ashona phansi, namabhizinisi amakhulu azoshona phansi. Okuphambene nalokhu kuyilinqiso futhi – uma kakhula amabhizinisi asemapulazini namabhizinisi amakhulu ayakhula, neziodi zomuzi ezinamabhizinisi ziyakhula.

Abakhiqizi badala ingcebo ngempela, inani eliqobo ngokusebenzisa izimbewu nokushisa kwelanga bese basilethela izinto ezisiza umzimba wethu (ukudla) nempilo yethu ngokwezimali. Lokhu ukwakha komdeni wasemapulazini kuyadinge ka uma sifuna izwe eliqinile elikhulayo. Uma silahlekelwa umkhiqizi oyedwa nje noma senza izinto zibe nzima kulabo abasha abafuna ukungena ekulimeni, noma singasekeli labo abasaqala ukulima, sifaka imvelo yethu, ukulondeka kwezwe lethu nezimo zezimali zethu engozini.



UJENNY MATHEWS, USIHLALO SEPHROGRAMU LEGRAIN SA FARMER LOKUTHUTHUTHUKISA ABALIMI



Umkh iqizi ulima njalonjalo kodwa awungeke umbone etshala? Ubhuqa umhlabathi sonke isikhathi kodwa akaze atshale? Akafiki ekugcineni endaweni lapho etshala zonke izinhlobonhlobo zeztshalo aziphethe ezindaweni zazo emasimini? Umkh iqizi wazi kahle ukuthi kufanele enzeni ngoba uNkulunkulu umenze ukuthi abone futhi aqonde...

USomandla unguthisha omuhle onikeza umkh iqizi ukuhlakanipha.

UJesaya 28: 23 - 29.

Ukuhlelwa kokuma kwezimali ngokwamanje lapho kulungiselwa (kwakhiwa amasu) ukukhiqiza ummbila ngonyaka ozayo

AMANYE AMA-ATHIKELI ABHALWE LAPHA KUPULA/IMVULA AKHOMBISE IZINTO EZISEMQOKA LAPHO KUKHETHWA IZINHLOBONHLOBO ZEZITSHALO ZASEHLOBO EZIZOWANA UKUMILA EPULAZINI LAKHO, LAPHA BEKUBHEKWA IZINGCEBO ZEMVELO EZIKHONA, UKUVUNDA KOMHLABATHI, UKWAKHA KWAMASU OKUSH-INTSHANA KWEZINHLLOBO ZEZITSHALO NENANI LENTENGISO LAZO NGAKUSASA. IMVULA/PULA YALE NYANGA INAMA-ATHIKELI ATHILE AZOTHINTANA NALABO BAKHIQIZI ABAFAKE UMMBILA EMASWENI ABO LAPHO BEKHETHA IZINHLLOBO ZEZITSHALO EZIZOTSHALWA NGONYAKA OZAYO.

Izintengiso zakusasa (*future prices*) zommbila obomvu nommbila omhlopho zishintshe zaba luhkuni ngoAgosti 2011, lokhu kukhombisa uhlelo lokuma kwezintengiso kusasa luzofika ku-R1 840 (ummbila obomvu) futhi luzofika ku-R1 815 (ummbila omhlophe) uma lowo mbila unikezwa ngoJulayi 2012. Singasho-ke ukuthi umkhiqizi uzokwazi ukufaka R1 615 ngethani lommbila ekhukhwini lakhe emva kokudonsa isihlukaniso senti-lansipoti esingafika ku-R215 noma ku-R225 ngethani.

Inani lommbila ongathengiswa phesheya lingafika ku-R1 717 ngethani. Lokhu kubizwa ngokuthi intengiso ekhonjiswayo elingana nentengiso phesheya (*export parity price*). Ummbila othengwa phesheya ukuwuletha

lapha eRandfontein ubiza R2 894 ngethani. Singavumelana-ke ukuthi intengiso yamanje neyakusasa phakathi ezweni lethu imiswe phezu kwenani lentengiso phesheya.

Lokhu kukhombisa ukuthi kusekhona ummbila omningi kakhulu emaketheni lethu ngaphakathi kwezwe lethu, futhi kukhona ukubheka phambili ngokukhanyayo ngoba kungathi kuzoba khona ummbila okwanele ngonyaka ozayo. Ukubopha inani lentengiso kubheka zonke izinto ezihambelana nokukhiqiza njengesimo sezulu, isimo somhlabathi (ukuvunda), ukudingeka kwalokhu kudla kubathengi, ukudla okusekhona nommbila osazokunikezwa; ukuhathaniswa kokushintshana kwerandi nedhola, izimo zokukhiqiza ngaphesheya, intelo yemali ebolekiwe lapha kithi konke kusiza ukubopha leyo ntengiso.

Ikhwalithi lommbila odilivwe kumasayilo ngabakhqiqizi lingaba phansi ngenxa imvula eningi ene ngesikhathi sokuvuna, kodwa kungenza ukuthi intengiso ye'spot' ikhuphuke lapho kutholakala ummbila omuhle. Khumbula ukuthi konke lokhu kungashintsha ngesikhathi kuvunwa ummbila ngonyaka ozayo ngoJulayi 2012.

KUBHALWE NGUMKHIQIZI OSUTHATHE UMHLALAPHANSI



Ukuphatha ukhula emmbileni ngokupheleleyo

KUBALULEKILE NJALO UKUHLOLA KAHLE UKUTHI KUKHONA INKINGA YOKHULA ETHIZE EPULAZINI LAKHO. IZINDELA ZOKULIMA, IZINDELEA ZOKHULA UKHULA NGAMAKHEMIKELI NOKUSHINTSHANA KWEZINHLOBO ZEZITSHALO KUYAHLUKA EZIFUNDENI EZITHILE NASEMAPULAZINI ATHILE. KUNGENZEKA UKUTHI INKINGA YOKHULA EPULAZI LAKHO INGAFANI LUTHO NENKINGA YOKHULA KUMAKHELWANE.

Hlola njalo ukuthi kakhona izinhlobo zokhula ezinjani epulazini lakho bese uhlanganisa amakhemikheli afanelekile uwathele. Sicela ubheke kule tebula elingenzansi ukuthi kakhona izinhlobo zomuthi ezinjani ezitholakala lapho eNingizimu Afrika ezibulala ukhula ukhula emmbileni.

Umqobelo (into) osebenzayo

Amakhemikheli nezinhlanganiso zamakhemikheli ezitholakalayo zinomqobelo oyinqikithi obulala ukhula ofana notshani omila njalo ngonyaka noma ukhula olunamakhasi abanzi olumila njalo ngonyaka. Umqobelo osebenzayo uyikhemikheli elibulula ukhula ngokuvimba ukhula ukuthola ukukhanya kwelanga bese ukhula luyahluleka ukuhubeka ukumila.

Lawa makhemikheli ayahlanganiswa lapho amasimu omkhiqizi anenkinga ngtshani nangokhula olunamakhasi abanzi. Kwezinye izindawo ungaba nenhlanhla ngoba usebenzise uhlelo oluhle lokushintsha izinhlobo zeziitshalo noma uphathe ukhula ngendlela efanelekile bese kuzoba khona inkinga yokhula olunamakhasi abanzi kuphela emasimini ommbila. Lapho ke uzolahla imali uma ufafaza utshani. Ukuhlola okuqondile kwenkinga yokho kuzokusiza negezindleko zakho lapho ubulala ukhula.

Inani lesidaka emhlabathini wakho

Kuhle ukwazi ukuthi lingakanani inani lesidaka emhlabathini wangaphezulu kuwo wonke amasimu epulazini lakho. Isilinganiso samakhemikheli sihambelana nesidaka emhlabathini – lapho inani lesidaka likhuphuka nenani lamakhemikheli liyakhuphuka. Lokhu kwenzeka ngoba isidaka simunca ingxenyen yomqobelo isitshalo sokhula asitholi umuthi okwanele ukusibulala.

Ngubuphukuphuko ukungatheli inani lomuthi elifanelekile ehekthelini ngoba ufunu ukunciphisa izindleko zakwamanje ehekthelini. Umuthi on-

gasebenzi kahle uzokwenza ukuthi kulahleke umvuno omkhulu lo nyaka. Lapho kungathelwa umuthi okwanele kwenza ukuthi ezinye izinhlobo zokhula zingafi. Ngokuhamba kwasikhathi lezo zitshalo zokhula zizodinga umuthi/umqobelo ozofika ku-x 100 ukuzibulala.

Ngakho-ke wonke umzi wokulima (zonke izifunda) uzosizakala lapho kulandelwa umlayezo wokuthela umuthi ngendlela efanelekile. Kubiza imali (nesikhathi) eningi ukuthola umuthi namakhemikheli amasha lapho umuthi othile ungasasebenzi kahle.

Isibonele esingaphansi sikhombisa ukuthi inani lekhemikheli lishintsha kanjani lapho kushintsha inani lesidaka emhlabathini. Lapho sikhulumha nge'acetochlor', ikhemikheli elibulala izitshalo ezifana notshani. I-'acetochlor' ivama ukusetshenziswa lapho ihlanganiswe nge'safener'. Uma lokhu kuhlanganiswa ne-'acetochlor' kuvimba i-'acetochlor' lingabulali isitshalo sommbila – khumbula: ummbila uysitshalo esifana notshani.

Pre - E noma Pre-emergence kusho ukufafaza amakhemikheli emhlabathini noma lapho bekungalinywanga khona kakhulu emva kokutshala kodwa ngaphambi kokuvela kwezitshalo emhlabathini.

Lapho kakhona izinhlobo zotshani ezimila kakhulu njalo ngonyaka emasimini athile kuzothelwa amakhemikheli amanangi futhi.

Izindleko zamakhemikheli ehektheleni eliodwa zingaqala ku-R97,50 esihlabathini (lapho kakhona isidaka esingu-0% - 10%) ziye ku-R150 emhlabathini onesidaka esiningi (41% - 55%).

Umvuno wommbila ongafika kumathani angu-4,5 ehekthelini ungaletsha ingcebo efika ku-R7 200 ehekthelini. Ngakho-ke kungaba isipphukuphuko nje esizofuna ukulondoloza R60 ehekthelini uma sibeka ezinye izinkinga nezingozi ezingavela. Siyaphinda sithi: hlola inkinga kahle wena nomphathi wamakhemikheli uphathe konke ngokufanele.

Isikhathi sokuthela umuthi

Kubalulekile futhi ukwazi ukuthi uzosebenzisa ziphi izinhlobo zomuthi ukuze uzokwazi ukulungisa umshini wokufafaza kusenesikhathi ngalowo nyaka. Umuthi ungathelwa emva kokutshala kodwa ngaphambi izitshalo zivela, ungathela futhi umuthi emva kokuvela kwezitshalo emhlabathini noma emva kokutshala lapho umhlabathi ulungiswe kahle. Umhlabathi olungiswe kahle usho umhlabathi omuhle onezintwanyana ezingeke zimunce amakhemikheli.

Ithebula 1: Inani lokuthela elinikezwayo

Chemical	Umqobelo os-ebenzayo g/l	% Isidaka	Inani: amalitha/ha	Isikhathi sokuthela	Uhlolo Iwesitshalo
Acetochlor (+ ZSafener)	840g/litha	0 - 10	0,75 - 1,00 l/ha	Ngaphambi kokuvela kwesitshalo	Utshani ngokwejwayelekile
		11 - 20	1,00 - 1,30 l/ha	Pre - E	
		21 - 30	1,30 - 1,65 l/ha	Pre - E	
		31 - 40	1,65 - 1,80 l/ha	Pre - E	
		41 - 55	2,0 l/ha	Pre - E	

Ithebula 2: Izinhlanganiso zomuthi ezikhona emakekhthini

Ikhemikheli – lokho okusebenzayo	Inani (ama-gramu elithini)	Inani elithelwayo maqondana nenani lesidaka	Isikhathi sokuthela	Izinhlobo zezitshalo zokhula
Acetochlor	750/900 g/l	0,9 to 2,7 l/ha	Ngaphambi kokumila.	Kakhulukazi utshani omila njalo ngonyaka.
Acetochlor (+ 'safener')	700/840 g/l	0,7 to 2,7 l/ha	Ngaphambi kokumila.	Kakhulukazi utshani omila njalo ngonyaka.
Actochlor/atrazine/propazine	96/202/202 g/l	3,25 to 7 l/ha	Ngaphambi kokumila. Thela ensimini elungiswe kahle.	Ukhula olunamakhasi abanzi olumila njalo ngonyaka nezinhlobo zotshani ezithile.
Acetochlor/atrazine/simazine (+ 'safener')	160/165/165 g/l	3,25 to 7,5 l/ha	Ngaphambi kokumila. Thela masinya ensimini elungiswe kahle.	Ukhula olunamakhasi abanzi olumila njalo ngonyaka nezinhlobo ezithile ezifana notshani.
Acetochlor/atrazine terbutylazine (okunakho noma okungenakho ama'safeners'). Kukhona izinhlanganiso eziningi	125/187,5/187,5 g/l	2,75 to 5 l/ha	Ngaphambi kokumila.	Izinhlobo zokhula olunamakhasi abanzi nezinhlobo zotshani ezithile.
Alachlor	480 g/l	3,2 to 4 l/ha	Ngaphambi kokumila. Thela masinya ensimini elungiswe kahle. Ungabolinda izinsuku ezindlula ezimbili.	Izinhlobo zotshani eziningi ezimila njalo ngonyaka.
Alachlor/atrazine Izinhlanganiso eziningi	336/144 g/l	5,5 l /ha	Ngaphambi kokumila. Thela masinya ensimini elungisiwe kahle. Ungatheli emhlabathini onesida ka esingaphansi kwa-16%.	Izinhlobo zokhula olunamakhasi abanzi nezinhlobo zotshani ezithile.
Ametryn	500 g/l	2,5 to 3 l/ha	Emva kokumila. KwaZulu-Natal kuphela.	Izinhlobo zokhula ezinamakhasi abanzi nezinhlobo zotshani ezithile.
Atrazine Izinhlanganiso zomuthi ezinezinhlobo zomuthi eziningi ezisebenzayo	500 g/l	2,5 to 5 l/ha	Thela kukhula olumila ngokuphelo.	Kakhulukazi ukhula olunamakhasi abanzi olumila njalo ngonyaka.
Atrazine/cyanazine	250/250 g/l	2,25 to 4,25 l/ha	Ngaphambi kokumila noma masinya emva kokumila.	Kakhulukazi ukhula olunamakhasi abanzi olumila njalo ngonyaka.
Bromoxynil	225 g/l	1,5 to 2 l/ha	Thela lapho ukhula seluthwase ngokugcweli.	Kakhulukazi ukhula olunamakhasi abanzi olumila njalo ngonyaka.
2-4D (dimethylamine salt)	480 g/l	2,7 to 5,4 l/ha	Thela emva kwezinsuku ezingu-5 - 6 lapho utshalile ensimini eman-zana.	Kakhulukazi ukhula olunamakhasi abanzi olumila njalo ngonyaka.
EPTC (+ 'safener')	720 g/l	2 to 4 l/ha	Thela ensimini elungiswe kahle ufake umuthi kahle emhlabathini.	Kakhulukazi izinhlobo zotshani ezimila njalo ngonyaka, ezinombala obunsomi noma eziluphuze.
Metolchlor (+ 'safener')	915 g/l	0,75 l/ha	Ngaphambi kokumila. Thela ensimini elungisiwe kahle, kodwa ungalindi izinsuku ezintathu emva kokutshala.	Mainly annual grasses, yellow nutsedge.

Cabanga ukusebenzisa umshini ofafazayo ukubulala ukhula

**EMVA KOKUTSHALA NGESIKHATHI ESISUKA KUOKTHOBA ESIYA KUDIS-
EMBA 2010 IZINDAWO EZININGI LAPHO KUTSHALWA KHONA UMMBILA
ZITHOLE IMVULA ENINGI. EMAPULAZINI AMANINGI LOKHU UKUNA KUVIMBE
ABALIMI UKUBULALA UKHULA NGAPHAKATHI KWEMISELE YOMMBILA.**

Labo balimi abahlulekile ukusebenzisa amakhemikheli ngaphambi koku-mila kwezitshalo ukubulala ukhula nalabo abahluleke ukufafaza emva kokumila kwezitshalo, bazoba nenkinga enku-nu ngonyaka ozayo ngokhula. Izitshalo zokhula ezikhulile ezithole izimbewu manje zizosakaza lezo zimbewu kuwo wonke amasimu ngohlobo ozayo.

Abakhqizi abangasebenzisi imishini kakhulu lapho kulinywa (*minimum till*) nabo babe nezinkinga eziningi emasimini lapho imishini yayingakwazi ukusebenza ngaphambi nomu ngemuva ukutshala. Ngakho-ke kubalule-kile ukuhlola kahle emasimini lapho kuzotshalwa khona ukubona ukuthi ukhula olunhlobo onjani uzomila kuziphi izindawo. Umuthi namakhemikheli afanelekile bese angathengwa – xoxa nomphathi walezo zinto uthole um-layezo.

Ezindaweni eziningi imvula iphinde yafika ngaAgosti, manje lokhu kuzophinda futhi kuvimbe umlimi ukubulala ukhula ngemishini emasimini nomu ukusebenzisa amakhemikheli ngonyaka ozayo. Uma sibheka konke lokhu, fuhti uma wena wayesebenzisa imishini ukubulala (ukuhlakula) ukhula kuphela, kungabangcono ukucabanga ngokuthenga umshini ofafazayo (*spray rig*).

Izinhlolo zemishini ezifafazayo

Imishini enezinhloko ezintathu

Emakhethini kungatholakala imishini ehlukene – kukhona imishini eboshelwa kulezo zinhloko ezintathu zikagandaganda ezinamathangi angu-600 litha aya ku-1 000 litha enemikhono (izingalo) esuka ku-12 m eya ku-16 m. Imishini enamathangi angathatha amalitha angu-1 000 ifanele isetshenziswe kuphela kugandaganda onezhinhloko ezikwazi ukuphamisa amathani angu-1,5 noma ngaphezulu.

Imishini eyakhiwa lapha ezwini lethu ayiduli kakhulu futhi ama'spare' atholakala kalula ngesikhathi sokutshala. Uma uthenga umshini ovela phesheya qinisa ukuthi umthengisi uyakwazi ukugarantiya wena uzokwazi ukuthola amaphampu amasha, amadayifremu namanozili ahlukene njalo lapho uyawadinga. Indlela eyodwa yokufafaza umuthi idinga amanozili afanele leyo ndlela – iphetheni lokufafaza nokuvuleka kenozili. Ukulinganisa kokucindezela enozilini eliolowa kubalulekile ngoba kufanele kuphume iconsi elithile elihambelana nohlobo lokhula, nohlobo lomuthi.

Umshini odonswayo

Uma ukwazi ukuthenga umshini odonswayo kuzokulethela izinsizo ezah-lukene lapho uzilinganisa nomshini oboshwa ngezinhloko ezintathu. Ukudleka kwamahayidroliki kugandaganda kuyehla futhi ugandaganda usebenza kangcono ngoba awunamthwalo oqinisa umhlabathi. Izinhlamvu ezikwazi ukuthatha amalitha angu-2 000 zenza ukuthi unga-fafaza indawo enku-nu ngaphambi kokugcwala futhi ngenhlanganiso yomuthi. Khumbula ukulinganisa ububanzi bamasondo omshini ahambe ngokulingana nemisele yepulantela futhi wena oshayelayo ukwazi ukushintsha indlela umshini usebenza ngayo.

Ngokuvamekile kusetshenziswa inhlanganiso ethangini elingana nama-litha angu-200 ifafazwa ehekthelini elliodwa. Kanjalo ithangi elinezinhloko ezintathu elithatha amalitha angu-600 lizofafaza amahektheli amathathu ngaphambi kokugcwala futhi ukuze ukwazi ukuqhube ka ukufafaza.

Lapho ucabanga ngokufafaza umuthi obulala ukhula, kufanele uca-bange ngalokhu okulandelayo: ingakanani indawo efanele ifafazwe, une-sikhathi esingakanani sokufafaza, kukhona amanzi akwenele ukuhlanganisa umuthi, inani likagandaganda nemishini – nenqolwane elinethangi elingathatha amalitha angu-5 000. Kuzokusiza futhi ukufaka impomphi kulelo thangi ukuze uzogcwala amanyi amathangi masinya.

Kufanele uzungisele kahle ngaphambi kwasikhathi nokuphatha kahle yonke imishini yakho ukuze ungangeni enkingeni emasimini ngesikhathi sokutshala. Ngezikhathi zamanje kunzima ukuthola inzuzo ekulimeni uma ungenalo ulwazi olukhulu maqondana nokuphatha ukhula ngamak-





hemikheli, ukufafaza lowo muthi ngendlela efanelekile nangemishini efanelekile. Njalo, cela usizo kulabo abanolwazi nabangcweti bakusize ngokuthela nokufafaza amakhemikheli abulala ukhula nezilokazane.

Lapho ungenawo ugandaganda onamandla okwanele noma ungenayo imali yokuthenga le mishini, cabanga ukuqasha umkhontilaki onomshini omkhulu ofafazayo. Labo bantu bavama ukubiza imali esuka ku-R65 eya ku-R100 ehekthelini bese kufakwa nezindleko zedizili. Amasimu amakhulu angafafazwa emini nasebusuku nogokusebenzisa uhlelo Iwe-GPS. Kodwa, ngaphambi kokungena enkontilakini, qinisa ukuthi umkhontilaki uzokwazi ukufika ngesikhathi esibekiwe, futhi uzofika ngesikhathi esifanelekile lapho kudingeka afike futhi ukuthi kuzodingeka imishini enjani ezonikezwa umlimi noma umkhontilaki. Khumbulani, abanye abankontilaki abanalo ithangi lokuletha amanzi noma amaloli. Lapho ungakwazi ukulinganisa amanzi adingekayo nomuthi ofanele ufafazwe uzolwa nomkhontilaki naye uzolwa nawe – umsebenzi uzokuma.

Kufanele ulinganise izindleko zokuthenga imishini yakho, ukuba nekhono lokufafaza ihektheli elithile ngesikhathi esifanele wena nezindleko zokuqasha umkhontilaki zokwenza lowo msebenzi wokufafaza. Okunye mhlawumbe okungakusiza yilokhu: abanigi abankontilaki banalo ulwazi maqondana nezinhlobo nezinhlanganiso zamakhemikheli ezesesetshenziswayo ngokwamanje.

Kuzokusiza ukuhlola sonke isikhathi ukuthi kufafazwa kanjani. Kun-gakusiza futhi ukuxoxa nabaluleki abasebenzela izinkampani ezahlukene ezithengisa amakhemikheli bese uzokwazi ukulinganisa izindleko zamakhemikheli ehekthelini nokusekela kwalezo zinkampani ezithengisa amakhemikheli. Khumbula ukuthi abanikezi bamakhemikheli basebenza kakhulu ngesikhathi sokutshala bese abangeke bakwazi ukusekela bonke abalimi abanekinga ngokuhlanganisa amakhemikheli ethangen. Uma ungenabo ubungcweti kungenzeka ukuthi uthela amakhemikheli kancane noma kakhulul.



KUBHALWE UMLIMI OSUTHATHE UMHLALAPHANSI

5 Ukuphatha ukhula emmbileni ngokupheleleyo

Lapho kufafazwa umuthi ngesikhathi sokutshala noma masinya emva kokutshala, umkhiqizi angakhetha ukulinganisa ipulantela lakhe ngendlala umuthi ufafazwe kabanzi kuyo yonke imisele lapho kutshalwe khona noma endaweni encane ngaphezu komsele owoowa. Enye indlela yilokhu: umshini wokufafaza unganganiswa ensimini masinya emva kokutshala. Kanjalo kuzoba khona isikhathi esikwanele sokwenza umsebenzi wokufafaza emva kokumila kwezitshalo zokhula.

Indlela yokusebenza izohambelana kakhulu nogandaganda neminye imishini umkhiqizi enazo noma eziqashwayo. Lapho kwakhiwa amasu okuqhubevisa umsebenzi kufanele kubhekwe izinto ezahlukene njen-gokuba nesikhashana esimfushane sokuqedu ukufafaza ngoba imvula ina kakhulu, ngendlela engajwayelekile.

Izibonelo zezinhlanganiso zomuthi ezitholakala emakhethini zikhonisya ngaphansi. Lapho ungumkhiqizi noma ungumphathi wepulazi thola ulwazi maqondana namakhemikheli abalulekile. Emakhethini kakhona umuthi ohlukene onamagama amanangi amahle kodwa onke anenhanganiso yemithi esebezayo ngendlela efanayo. Uma ulinganisa izintengo zezinhlobo zemithi ezihlukene bheka futhi amandla zalezo zinhlanganiso bese uthola inani lentengiso ulilinganise nalokho okusemithini okusebenzayo ukuze uthole izindleko ngelitha uzilinganise.

Kuyakhanya kahle lapho sibheka izibonelo ezingaphezulu ukuthi umkhiqizi unomthwalo omkhulu ukungalehlekeli ukusebenzisa zonke izinhlanganiso zomuthi ezikhona emakhethini. Ngaphezu kwalokhu umkhiqizi ufanale ahlole konke lokhu aqonde ukuthi uzothela umuthi ongakanani nangasiphi isikhathi emhlabathini onjani lapho kakhona olufanele luphathwe ngendlela efanelekile. Kungcono njalonjalo ukuxoxa nomuntu onobungcweti lapho unenkinga nemithi yokubulala ukhula.



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WALA NGAMANZI.**

Okunye okwenzekayo yilokhu: ukusinda kwemishini evunayo, ogandaganda, ukuhamba kwamasondo lapho kuvunwa nezingola ezithutha ummbila ngesikhathi sokuvuna kuzokwenza ukuthi umhlabathi uqine ngaphezu kweminye iminyaka lapho kungekho imvula eningi kangaka.

Izinkomo ezifakwa emasimini ommbila ukudla izinhlanga ezisele nazo zizoqinisa umhlabathi lapho unamanzi omningi. Lapho kukhona amanzi amanangi kabi emasimini ungazama ukuripha ngaphambi kokutshala noma ngesikhathi sokutshala, mhlawumbe lokhu kungakusiza ukutshala ngesikhathi esifanelekile.

Ngalo nyaka bekubanda kakhulu ebusika futhi kwezinye izindawo izulu belina, ngakho-ke umhlabathi wayengawazi ukoma ngokufanelekile. Kungakusiza ukuhlola isimo sohlangothi somhlabathi lapho ufuno ukutshala ummbila, bese ungasebenzisa umshini wokuripha ukuregisa izindawo eziqinile ezingaphansi kom-

hlabathi ongaphezulu. Umsebenzi lona uzosiza futhi ukungenisa umoya emhlabathini (kululekile lokhu). Ama'bakteriya' omhlabathi nama'microbe' aphila kuphela endaweni yanaphezulu emhlabathini efika ku-150 mm - 180 mm ngokujula.

Igama elithi 'aerobic' lisho ukuthi kukhona umoya ne-oksijeni, inayithrojeni nomoya one'carbon dioxide' lapho kuxegiswe umhlabathi. Umsebenzi wokuripha ubalulekile ngoba usiza ama'bacteria' ukubolisa izinhlanga zomvuno wonyaka odlule ngaphambi kokutshala izitshalo ezinsha. Umsebenzi wama'bacteria' uzoqala lapho ukushisa komhlabathi uqala ukwanda ekugcineni kwaAgosti kuye kuSeptembera kuze kufike kuOkthoba.

Siyaphinda futhi sithi kubalulekile ukuthi umsebenzi wokuripha wenzive masinya emva kokugcwala komhlabathi ngamanzi. Lapho ukuripha kungensiwa ngesikhathi esifanelekile kuzokwenza ukuthi ukuqina komhlabathi kwande, akungeke kwehle. Umkhiqizi kufanele ashintshe imishini yakhe ukuze ayisebenzise ngendlela ezomlethela umphumelo omuhle.

Umsebenzi wokuphatha nokulungisa (mhlawumbe nokushintsha) amapulantela ongazange wenzeke ufanele uqedwe ekuqaleni kwaOkthoba.

**KUBHALWE UMKHIQIZI OSUTHATHE
UMHLALAPHANSI**

